

# SANJAY V. GOYAL & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To, The Members of Ashoka Auriga Technologies Private Limited Nashik

# Report on the standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Ashoka Auriga Technologies Private Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended March 31, 2023 and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, Profit/Loss, Changes in Equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Eoard of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, Changes in Equity and Cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.



This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

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If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure 'A'" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
    c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of B. Company of the Statement of th
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
    d. In our opinion, the after the statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with the books of account.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

    f. With respect to the element of the eleme
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in the "Annexure 'B'" and



- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - a. The Company does not have any pending litigations filed against the company which would impact its financial position in its Ind AS Financial Statements.
  - b. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - c. The Company was not required to deposit or pay any dues in respect of the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year.
  - d. (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
    - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
    - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
    - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
    - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material misstatement.
  - e. As per Section 123 of the Act, Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- (C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:
  - According to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act, No remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year.

Firm Reg. No. 124832W For Sanjay V. Goyal & Co. *Chartered Accountants* Firm Registration No. 124832W

UDIN

: 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place

: Nashik

Date

: 10/05/2023

CA SANJAY V. GOYAL (*Pagner*) M. No. 103080

# Annexure- A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independents Auditors Report to the members of Ashoka Auriga Technologies Private Limited on the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

i.	(a)	(A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including
		quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
ama parameter and a second		(B) These fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at
		reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies have been noticed
		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
	(1.)	examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme
1	(b)	of physical verification of its Property, plant and equipment by which all Property,
		plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner.
		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
	(c)	examination of the records of the Company, the company does not have any
		immovable properties
		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
	(d)	examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its
	(-)	Property, plant and equipment (including Right-of-use assets) or Intangible assets or
		both during the year.
		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
	(e)	examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or
	` ′	pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the
	/ \	Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
ii.	(a)	As per the information and explanation given to us the management of the company
		has made physical verification of inventory and has conducted the same at
		reasonable intervals and the material discrepancies whatever were noticed have
	(b)	been properly dealt with in the books of account  The Company does not have any constituted weaking conital limit in account for the control of the control
	(0)	The Company does not have any sanctioned working capital limit in excess of Rs 5
		crores in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
iii.		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
111.		examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any
		investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature
		of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or
		any other parties
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		The company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the
iv.		Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
v.		The company has not accepted deposits, hence the directives issued by the Reserve
٧.		Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant
		provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under are not
		applicable.
vi.		The provisions for maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148
4 1.		of the Act, are not applicable to the company, hence not applicable.
vii.	(a)	According to the records of the company, undisputed statutory dues including
• ***	(4)	Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State
		Insurance, Income-tax, GST, Wealth Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, cess to the
		extent applicable and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly
	,	deposited with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and
		explanations given to us there were no outstanding statutory dues as on 31st of
		March, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became
		payable.
	(b)	According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts
		payables in respect of income tax, wealth tax, service tax, sales tax, GST, customs
		duty and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of any disputes.
viii.		The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of
l		accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax
		assessments under the Income Tax act, 1961.
ix.		According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our
		examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or
		borrowings from any lender during the year.
x.		According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the
		company examined by us, the company has not raised money by way of initial
		public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), hence not
		applicable.
xi.	(a)	According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the
		company examined by us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or
		private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the
		year, hence not applicable.
	(b)	We have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company noticed
		or reported during the course of our audit nor have we been informed of any such
		instance by the Management.  Since the company is not a Nidhi company, hence this clause is not applicable.
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xiii.	According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the
	remany examined by us, all transactions with related parties are in compnance
	with provision of sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 as applicable and
	details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required.
xiv.	The Company does not have an internal audit system, hence not applicable.
xv.	A according to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the
	company examined by us, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions
	with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, provisions of section
	102 of the Companies Act. 2013 are not applicable.
xvi.	The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve
11.11	Pank of India Act 1934
xvii.	The Company has incurred cash losses in the Current Financial Year and in the
Avii.	immediately preceding Financial year also.
xviii.	There is no resignation of statutory auditor during the year.
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xix.	According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the company examined by us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and
	company examined by us and on the basis of the interior action, age of expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities,
	other information accompanying the financial statements, we are of the opinion that
	the companies' working capital is negative resulting in insufficiency of Current
	Assets to meet the Current Obligation. Hence, material uncertainty exists as on the
	Assets to meet the Current Obligation. Hence, material differences its liabilities date of the audit report Hence, the company is incapable of meeting its liabilities
	existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one
	existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fan date with the year from the balance sheet date. It has been represented by the management that
	the company's revenue for the subsequent financial years will be sufficient to meet
	the company's revenue for the subsequent infancial years will be the financial the expenditure and recoup the losses incurred thereby strengthening the financial
	position of the company. Further, there is a continuing support from the Holding
	position of the company. Further, there is a continuing support from the company of Company and the company will be able to discharge all its obligations in foreseeable
	Company and the company will be able to discharge an its configuration of
	future and therefore going concern assumption is appropriate for preparation of
	financial statements.
xx.	The Company does not fulfill the conditions prescribed for the applicability of the companies Act. 2013.
	CSR provisions under sub section (1) to section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.
	Hence, reporting under clause (xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.
xxi.	The company is not a holding company, hence the clause of qualification or adverse
	remarks of the Order is not applicable.

For Sanjay V. Goyal & Co. *Chartered Accountants* Firm Registration No. 124832W

UDIN

: 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place Date

: Nashik

: 10/05/2023

Firm Reg. No.: 124832W

CA SANJAOV. GOYAL (Partner) M. No. 103080

#### Annexure - B to the Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'). We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ashoka Auriga Technologies Private Limited ("the Company"), as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for the Internal Financial Control

The Companies management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls System over financial reporting.

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## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

irm Reg. No

UDIN: 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place: Nashik
Date: 10/05/2023

For Sanjay V. Goyal & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 124832W

CA SANJÂY V. GOYAL (*Partner*) M. No. 103080

ALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023	·············	As at	Amt in Lacs As at
Particulars	Note No.	31/Mar/23	31/Mar/22
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
(A) Property, plant and equipment	2	9.03	6.20
(B) Other Non Current Assets	3	20.87	9.99
(b) Still 11sti still 11still	_		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		29.90	16.19
CURRENT ASSETS			
(A) Inventories	4	155.32	216.08
(B) Contract Assets	5	203.84	61.29
(C) Financial assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	6	35.44	12.45
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	9.66	27.36
(D) Other current assets	8	478.00	154.76
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	882.27	471.94
TOTAL ASSETS	_	912.17	488.13
EQUITY & LIABILITIES EQUITY			
(A) Equity Share Capital	9	1.00	1.00
(B) Other Equity	10	(467.87)	(12.20
TOTAL EQUITY		(466.87)	(11.20
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(A) Financial Liablities			
i) Borrowings	11	767.09	143.06
(C) Provision	12	6.57	0.09
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		773.66	143.14
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(A) Contract Liabilities	13	438.03	281.55
(B) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	14		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises		4.26	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & smallenterprises		74.78	57.42
(C) Other Financial liabilities	15	58.79	15.62
(i) Other current liabilities	16	15.60	1.46
(ii) Provisions	17	13.91	0.14
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		605.38	356.19
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,379.04	499.33
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		912.17	488.13
TOTAM MOTE I MIN PRINIMITED		, LE.11	200.12

As per our report of even date attached

Firm Reg. No.: 124832W

Significant Accounting Policies

For SANJAY W. GOYAL & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 124832W

CA SANJAY V. COYAL

Partner

Membership No.: 103080

UDIN: - 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place: Nashik Date:- May 10, 2023 For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Peeyushkumar S Jain

Director

DIN: 07588639

Ravindra M

\$ JANIES

Director

DIN: 08462549

Place: Nashik

Date:- May 10, 2023

# ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED.

( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

CIN NO.U74999MH2008PTC187501

RO.	ROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023			For the year ended	
	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
I	INCOME				
	Revenue from Operations Other Income	18 19	907.04 0.10	217.44 0.89	
	Total Income		907.14	218.33	
**					
11	EXPENSES:	20	694.69	148.16	
	Cost of Material Consumed	21	38.79	22.63	
	Project Operating Expenses	22	438.30	47.79	
	Emolyee Cost	23	90.08	3.47	
	Finance Expenses	24	8.11	1.35	
	Depreciation & Amortization Other Expenses	25	91.01	39.20	
	Table Francisco		1,360.98	262.61	
III	Total Expenses  Profit before Tax (I - II)		(453.84)	(44.28	
IV	Tax Expense:			-	
	Current Tax		(0.00)	0.03	
	Tax For Earlier Years	_	(0.00)	0.03	
V	Profit for the year (VII - VIII)	-	(453.84)	(44.31	
V	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI): <ul> <li>(a) Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</li> <li>Re-measurement gains/(losses)on defined benefit plan</li> </ul>	s	(1.83)	-	
	Income tax effect on above		-	-	
	(b) Items to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-	
	Other Comprehensive Income	-	(1.83)	_	
		-	(455.67)	(44.3	
	II Total comprehensive income for the year (IX+XI)	:			
V	III Earnings per Equity Shares of Nominal Value ` 10 each:	07	(4,556.70)	(443.0	
	Basic (`Rs) Diluted (`Rs)	26	(4,556.70)	(443.0	

As per our report of even date attached For SANJAY V. GOYAL & Co.

Firm Reg. No.:

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Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 124832W

CA SANJAY V. GOYAL

Partner

Membership No.: 103080

UDIN: - 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place: Nashik Date: - May 10, 2023 For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Peeyushkumar S Jain Director

DIN: 07588639

Ravindra M. Vijayvargiya

Director

Amt in Lacs

DIN: 08462549

Place: Nashik

Date:- May 10, 2023

ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. ( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited) CIN NO.U74999MH2008PTC187501 CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Amt in Lacs

		Amt in Lacs
	For Period	For Period
Particulars	ended	ended
	31/Mar/23	31/Mar/22
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		(44.81)
Net Profit Before Tax	(455.67)	(44.31)
Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows	-	
Depreciation and Amortisation	8.11	1.35
Interest & Finance Income	-	(0.89)
Finance Cost	90.08	3.47
Operating Profit before changes in working capital	(357.48)	(40.38)
Adjustments for changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities:		
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other Receivables	(22.99)	(12.45)
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	60.76	(199.38)
(Increase)/Decrease in other Assets	(334.13)	(164.32)
(Increase) / Decrease in Contract Assets	(142.55)	(61.29)
	21.62	57.43
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade payables	156.48	281.55
Increase / (Decrease) in Contract Liabilities	14.14	1.28
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	43.17	15.62
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	43.17	15.02
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities -Tax		_
Increase / (Decrease) in Current tax assets (net)	20.26	0.15
Increase / (Decrease) in provision	(183.23)	(121.79)
Cash Generated from Operations	(105.20)	(121)
Income Tax Paid	_	
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(183.23)	(121.79)
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets including Capital Work in		
Progress and Capital Advance	(10.94)	(7.47)
Loan given repaid	-	15.21
Proceeds from / (Investment in) Fixed Deposits (Net)		
NET CASH CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(10.94)	7.75
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Borrowings	624.03	143.06
Interest & Finance Income	-	0.89
Finance cost paid	(90.08)	(3.47)
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	533.96	140.48
Net increase in Cash & Cash Equivalent	(17.70)	26.44
The mercuse in Cash & Cash inquirine		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	27.36	0.93
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	9.66	27.36

The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) on Cash Flow Statement.

Cash and Cash Equivalent comprises of the balances with banks in current accounts, cash on hand and Bank Deposits with maturity less than 3 months

As per our report of even date attached

For SANJAY V. GOYAL & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 124832W

CA SANJAY V. GOYAL

Partner

Membership No.: 103080

UDIN: - 23103080BGUPKE8750

Firm Reg. No

Place: Nashik Date: - May 10, 2023 For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Peeyushkumar S Jain

DIN: 07588639

Director

Ravindra M. Vljayvargiya

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Director DIN: 08462549

Place: Nashik Date:- May 10, 2023

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Ashoka Technologies Pvt Ltd is a Company incorporated on 14/10/2008 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. It has changed its name from Ashoka Technologies Pvt Ltd. to Ashoka Auriga Technologies Pvt. Ltd.by adding word "Auriga" with effect from November 26, 2020. It was incorporated to carry out the business of software development in Toll Plaza automation, weighbridge automation and any other automation systems, multimedia, graphics, animations, computer based training, web based training for domestic and international educational and industrial products, research and development to embed latest technologies, network support, knowledge process outsourcing,software testing & quality assurance for in-house and/or third party developed software and to act as advisors and/or consultants on matters and problems relating to the industries, administration, management, organization, accountancy, costing, financial, marketing, computer software and hardware, import, export commercial or economic activities and to import, export, sell and or otherwise deal in computer hardware and software in all its forms and varieties to develop, design or construct data base of applications to run and conduct bureau for computer services/classes/tuitions.

#### Basis & Method Of Accounting:

The Company follows mercantile system of accounting and recognizes income and expenditure on an accrual basis. Financial Statements are prepared under historical cost convention, in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (GAAP) and comply in all material aspects, with mandatory accounting standards and statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The significant accounting policies followed by the Company are set out below. Management has made certain estimates and assumptions in conformity with the GAAP in the preparation of these financial statements, which are reflected in the preparation of these financial statements. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known.

# Note - 1 Significant Accounting Policies:

## 1.01 Compliance with Ind AS:

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

These financial statements include Balance sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash flows and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and comparative information in respect of the preceding period.

Up to the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in compliance with Accounting Standards as specified in the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 read with Rule 7(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 1.02 Basis of Accounting:

The Company maintains its accounts on accrual basis following the historical cost convention except certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values in accordance with Ind AS.

Fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- ▶ Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that entity can access at measurement date
- ▶ Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- ► Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

## 1.03 Presentation of financial statements :

The financial statements (except Statement of Cash-flow) are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in Division II – IND AS Schedule III ("Schedule III") to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows".

Amounts in the financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in Lakh in as per the requirements of Schedule III. "Per share" data is presented in Indian Rupees upto two decimals places

# 1.04 Current Versus Non-Current Classification :

The assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are presented based on current/non-current classification.

## An asset is current when it is:

- ex is current wnen it is:

  ► Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle, or

  ► Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or

  ► Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- ► Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after CANUAY

All other assets are classified as non-current.

## A liability is current when it is:

- ► Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle of
- ► Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- ▶ Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ► There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

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All other liabilities are treated as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

#### 1.05 Property, Plant and Equipment:

PPE is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All items of PPE are stated at cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition and installation of such assets,if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Items such as spare parts and servicing equipment are recognised as PPE if they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment and are expected to be used during more than one year. All other items of spares and servicing equipments are classified as item of

PPE not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet is disclosed as "Capital Work-in-Progess" and carried at cost, comprising of directly attributable costs and related incidental expenses.

Assets individually costing less than Rs 5000/- are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Losses arising in the case of the retirement of property, pla

nt and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit nt are recognised in the statement o and loss in the year of occurrence.

#### 1.06 Key Estimates & Assumptions :

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in preparing the accompanying financial statements. Difference between the actual and estimates are recognised in the period in which they actually materialise or are known. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable.

#### 1.07 Foreign Currency:

#### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Company are presented using Indian Rupee ('), which is also our functional currency i.e. currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the respective functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss

# 1.08 Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation has been provided on the written down value method, as per the useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, evaluation carried out by the management's expert, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The asset's useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives of PPE are as under:

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted

#### Type of Asset with Useful Life

1,100						
Sr.No	Category of assets	Sub-category of assets	Useful life as per Schedule II	Useful life adopted by the Company		
	Computers and data processing equipment	End user devices	3	3		

#### 1.09 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

#### 1.10 Financial instruments :

Financial instruments i.e. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments (other than financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial instruments, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial instruments assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Subsequent Measurement

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method except for financial assets carried at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

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#### De-recognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement; and with that a)the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising allowances for expected credit loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss on such financial assets. This matrix has been developed based on historical data as well as forward looking information pertaining to assessment of credit risk.

#### Financial Liabilities

#### Classification

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Subsequent measurement

Loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR), except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. Amortisation arising on unwinding of the financial liabilities as per EIR is included as a part of Finance Costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities recognised at FVTPL, including derivatives, are subsequently measured at fair value.

Preference shares issued is considered as a compound financial liability under borrowing. Preference shares were issued at premium, part of premium received on issue of preference capital, is to be considered as other equity which is over and above the present value of the redemption amount to be paid at given discounted rate.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Re-classification of financial instruments

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets.

#### 1.11 Revenue recognition:

- i. Sales are accounted on delivery of material of the customer.
- ii. Software development/sale is accounted on handover of software/delivery of software to the customer.
- iii. Annual maintenance billing is accounted on accrual basis.

#### 1.12 Inventories :

- i. Stock of Hardware is accounted at cost or market price whichever is less.
- ii. Uncompleted work of Software development is considered under work in progress and is accounted at cost on the basis of cost incurred for such development is certified by the management.

#### 1.13 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### 1.14 Impairment of Assets:

The Management periodically assesses, using external and internal sources, where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Impairment occurs where the carrying value exceeds the present value of future cash flow expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. The impairment loss to be expensed is determined as the excess of the carrying amount over the higher of the asset's net sales price or present value as determined above. Contingencies are recorded when it is probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialized.

In accordance with Ind - AS 109, the company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are trade receivables.

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#### 1.15 Income Tax:

Income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate and changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences. The current income tax charge is calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act 1961.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and brought forward losses only if it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to realise the temporary

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 1.16 Borrowing Cost:

- i. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.
- ii. Other borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.17 Leases:

The Company, as a lessee, recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

#### Short term leases and leases of low value of assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.18 Provisions & Contingencies:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events for which it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated as at the balance sheet date. Provisions are measured based on management's estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and are discounted using a rate that reflects the time value of money. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. Information on contingent liabilities is disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

1.19 Employee benefits a. Short-term obligations

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. These are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

- Post-employment obligations i.e.
- Defined benefit plans and
- Defined contribution plans

#### Defined benefit plans:

The plan has not been funded as on the valuation date. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of each financial year using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yield on government securities, of a maturity period equivalent to the weighted average maturity profile of the related obligations at the Balance Sheet date.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

Defined contribution plans:

Defined contribution plans:

The Company's contribution to provident fund, employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employee. Hrm Rec

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#### 1.20 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company and the cost of assetscan be measured reliably. Such intangible assets acquired by the company are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairement losses, cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition and installation of such assets.

- 1.21 The Company has not given any loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and/ or related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand, or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 1.22 No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- 1.23 There were no statement / returns required to be submitted to banks during the year in respect of borrowings from banks on the basis of security of current assets.
- 1.24 The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- 1.25 The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 (since repealed)..
- 1.26 The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period.
- 1.27 The Company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 (as amended).
- 1.28 The Company has neither traded nor it holds any investment in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.
- 1.29 The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- 1.30 The Company has not received any fund from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 1.31 The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

# ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. (Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Other Non Current Assets	Amt in Lacs
Particulars	Data Processing Equipments
Cost	
At April 01, 2022	0.17
Additions	7.47
Disposals	7.47
At March 31, 2022	7.63
Additions	10.94
Disposals	10.54
At March 31, 2023	18.57
Depreciation and Impairment	<u>-</u>
At April 01, 2021	0.08
Depreciation Charge for the year	1.35
Disposals	-
At March 31, 2022	1.43
Depreciation Charge for the year (Refer Note C)	8.11
Disposals	
At March 31, 2023	9.54
Net Book Value	_
At March 31, 2023	9.03
At March 31, 2022	6.20



Total :::::

3 Other Non Current Assets		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Other	l l	9.99
Income Tax Assets TDS		
Total ·····	20.87	9,99

Inventories (as valued and certified by management)		(Amt in Lac
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
WID at Coffusion Day Johnson	10.10	16.
WIP of Software Development Inventory (Raw & Computer)	130.02	199.
Total :::::	155.32	216.

#### (Amt in Lacs) 5 Contract Assets As at 31-Mar-22 As at 31-Mar-23 Particulars Unbilled Revenue Considered Good 61.29 203.84 61.29 203.84

6 Trade Receivables		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Unsecured:	05.44	12.45
Considered good	35.44	12.45
	35.44	12.45
Total ::::		

A		(Amt in Lacs)
Ageing of Receivables that are Past due : Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Unsecured:	35.44	12.45
90-180 days	33,44	- 12.75
> 180 days Total :::::	35.44	12.45

		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Dues from Firm / Private Limited Companies where Directors are interested	-	•
Dues from Subsidiary and other group companies (Refer Note 47 On Related Party Disclosures)	35.44	12.45
Total :::::	35.44	12.45

As at 31st March 2023		Outstand	ing for following periods fr	om due date of paymen	t		Total
	Current but not due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade							
Receivable -							25.44
Considered Good	35.44		-	-	-	-	35.44
Undisputed Trade							
Receivable - which						1	
have siginificent							
increase in credit risk							
Undisputed Trade							
Receivable - Credit							_
Impaired							
Disputed Trade	l.						
Receivable -	İ						_
Considered Good							
Disputed Trade							
Receivable - which							
have siginificent	1						
increase in credit risk							
Disputed Trade							
Receivable - Credit							-
Impaired							35.4
Total :::::	35.44		AYV. GOYAL & C	- Andrew			33.1

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#### ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. ( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Trade Receviables Aging Schedule# As at 31st March 2022

		Outstandi	ng for following periods t	rom due date of payment			('In Lacs
	Current but not due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade					2 3 years	With than 5 years	
Receivable -							
Considered Good	12.45	_	-		-	_	12.45
Undisputed Trade							
Receivable - which							
have siginificent	,						
increase in credit risk	-	-		_			
Undisputed Trade					-	-	-
Receivable - Credit							
Impaired	- 1		_	.			
Disputed Trade					-	-	-
Receivable -	ļ			1			
Considered Good	-	_	-		-	_	_
Disputed Trade							
Receivable - which							
have siginificent							
increase in credit risk	-	_	_ 1				
Disputed Trade			-	-	-	-	
Receivable - Credit							
Impaired	_		_ [				
Total :::::	12.45		-	-	•	-	
Less: Impairment allowa				-	*	-	12.45
	Current Trade Receviables						-
							12.45

7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cost and Cost Equivalents		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Cash & Cash Equivalents		
(I) Cash on hand		
(II) Balances with Banks	0.07	0.03
On Current account		-
Deposits with Original maturity less than 3 months	9.59	27.33
Total :::::	-	
TAME THE PARTY OF	9.66	27.36

8 Other Current Asset (Amt in Lacs) Particulars As at As at 31-Mar-22 Advances Recoverable other than in Cash: Trade Deposits 5.18 4.63 Duties & Taxes Recoverable GST 131.94 42.90 Advance to Supplier 340.88 107.24 Total ::::: 478.00 154.76

#### 9 Equity Share Capital

(I) Authorised Capital:

Class of Class	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22			
Class of Shares	Par Value (`)	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity Shares	10	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.0
Total :::::			1		1.00

(11)

01 (4)	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22			
Class of Shares	Par Value (')	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity Shares	10	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
Total :::::			1		1.00

(III) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of share capital, i.e., equity shares having face value of `10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

(IV) Reconciliation of Number of Shares Outstanding:

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22 Equity Shares	
	Equity Shares		
Outstanding as at beginning of the period	10,000	10.000	
Addition during the period	-		
Shares Split Impact	-		
Bonus Issue	-		
Matured during the period	_		
Outstanding as at end of the period	10.000	10.000	

(V) Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	Equity Shares	Equity Shares
Ashoka Buildcon Ltd	10,000	1



# ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. (Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

## NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(VI) Statement of Changes in Equity of for the Period ended March 31, 2023 Equity Share Capital

(Amt in Lace						
Equity Share	As at 31-Mar-	23	As at 31-1	-Mar-22		
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount		
Balance at the						
beginning of the	10,000	100,000	10,000	100.000		
year			10,000	100,000		
Issued during the						
period	-	-	-	-		
Reductions during						
the period	-	-	-	-		
Balance at the close						
of the period	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000		

10 Other Equity

Other Equity		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Surplus / Retained Earnings		
Balance as per Last balance Sheet		
Addition During the Year	(12.20)	32.11
Deduction During the year	(455.67)	(44.31)
Amount available for appropriations	-	
IND As Adjustment	(467.87)	(12.20)
As at end of year	-	-
	(467.87)	(12.20)
Gross Total ::::		-
	(467.87)	(12.20)

11 Financial Liablities

		(Amt in Lacs)	
Particulars	As at	As at	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
Borrowings :			
loan from holding / related party		-	
	767.09	143.06	
Total ::::			
* Interest rate: cost of funding the company +1% variable	767.09	143.06	

Loans from related parties (Refer Note 37 On Related Party Disclosures) as at 31 March 2023

Sr	· No.	Nature of Loan	Terms of Repayment	Outstanding Amount (In Lacs)	Rate of Interest	Nature of Security
	1	i Asiioka bullucon Limiten	Within 30 days from Receipt of Demand Notice	767.09	Cost of funding of the Company + 1% (Variable)	Unsecured

Loans from related parties (Refer Note 37 On Related Party Disclosures) as at 31 March 2022

Sr. No.	Nature of Loan	Terms of Repayment	Outstanding Amount (In Lacs)	Rate of Interest	Nature of Security
1		Within 30 days from Receipt of Demand Notice	143.06	Cost of funding of the Company + 1% (Variable)	Unsecured

12 Short / Current Provision

		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for Gratuity		
	6.57	0.09
Total ::::		
*Rs. 10/- as per actuarial reprort	6.57	0.09

13 Contract Liabilities - Current

Contract Eabhries - Curent		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Advance from customers		
Others : Unearned Revenue	438.03	279.51
Total ::::		2.04
	438.03	281.55



IOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		(Amt in La
Trade Payables - Current Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Trade Payables:	4.84	46
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	74.20	11
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	***	
Others	79.04	5

*		(Amt in Lacs)
	As at	As at
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	79.04	57.42
Trade Payables	79.04	57.42
Total		

Trade Payables Aging Schedule#	(Amt in Lacs)
4 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	

As at 31st March 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Not Due	Less Than 1 Year	1-2 Years	More Than 2 Years	TOTAL
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	74.20	-	_	-	0.00
				-	0.00
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	2.26	2.58			
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small	_	-	_	-	-
enterprises Disputed dues of creditors other than micro	-	-		-	79.04
Total ::::	76.46	2.58		-	73.04

As at 31st March 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Not Due	Less Than 1 Year	1-2 Years	More Than 2 Years	TOTAL
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	43.13	3.25	_	-	46.3
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	9,82	1.22	_	-	11.0-
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	•		-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	-	-		-	57.4
Total ::::	52.95	4.46	•	<u> </u>	57.

(Refer Note - for disclosures under section 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006)

10.190		(Amt in Lacs)
15 Other Financial current liabilities Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		45.00
Due To Employee	58.79	15.62
,	58.79	15.62
Total ::::		

			(Amt in Lacs)
16	Other current liabilities  Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		15.60	1.46
	Duties & Taxes - TDS Laibility	15.60	1.46
	Total ::::		

		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		0.14
Outstanding Liability	13.90	-
Provision for Expenses		
Provision for Expenses-Interproject Contra	0.01	-
Provision for Gratutity		-
	13.91	0.14
Total ::::		

		(Amt in Lacs)
Revenue From Operations Particulars	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
I) Revenue from contracts with customers		
(A) Project Revenue: (Supply & Installation)	203.84	59.25
Closing work-in-progress - Current	ZUJ.OT	
- Non Current	762.45	158.19
Add: Contract Revenue / sales	966.29	
	59.25	-
Less: Opening work-in-progress	No. 2011	
Less: Opening work-in-progress Less: Un-certified work - Written Off	907.04	217.44
Total :::::		II

Park of 12

Total :::::

Other Income		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Rebate & Disc. Recei	0.00	
Interest Income from group company	-	0.89
Bal written Back	0.09	•
Total :::::	0.10	0.89
Cost of Materials Consumed		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Construction Material		
Consumption of Materials	694.69	
Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade Total :::::	(a+b) 694.6	9 148.1
1000	(8.5)	J <sub> </sub> 140.11
Construction Expenses		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Installation Charges	34.94	16.20
Sub Cont Charges	-	6.11
Labour Charges Insurance Material	3,60	0.17
Software charges	0.26	
Electricity Cha-Project	-	0.05
Freight Inward Dom	-	0.10
Total :::::	38.79	22.6
Emolyee Cost		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Salaries, Wages and Allowances	409.8	12.21
Contribution to PF and other Funds	20,88	0.28
Contribution to defined benefit Plans Staff Welfare expenses	4.67	
Total ::::	438.3(	
Finance Expenses		(Amt in Lacs
Particulars	For the year ended at	
Turticulars	31-Mar-2023	at 31-Mar-2022
Interest on Loan form Holding Copmany	89.93	
Bank Guarantee Charg	89.93 0.1:	3,44
	89.93	3,44
Bank Guarantee Charg	89.93 0.1:	3,44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization	89.93 0.11 0.04	3,44 
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::	89.9: 0.1: 0.0:	3,44 
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization	89.93 0.12 0.00 90.03	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars	89.93 0.11 0.00 90.03 For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	3.44  0.03  - 3.4  (Amt in Lacs  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization	89.93 0.1: 0.04 90.0i  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023 8.1:	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.00  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.00  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023 8.1: 8.1:	3.44  O.03  American Lacs  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022  American Lacs  American Lacs  (Amt in Lacs  American Lacs  (Amt in Lacs  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees	89.93 0.1: 0.04 90.0i  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  52.8: 4.99	3.44     -   -     -
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.00  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9:	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total ::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses	89.93 0.1: 0.04 90.0i  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  52.8: 4.99	3.44  (Amt in Lacs For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022  (Amt in Lacs For the year ended at 31-Mar-2022
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.01  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  4.9: 11.7: 6.4: 6.4: 6.4:	3.44   -   -
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total ::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.00  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  4.9: 11.7: 6.44 6.44 6.44 6.47 7.8:	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total ::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.03  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9: 11.73 6.44 6.49 6.41 7.83 3.22 2.00	3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.44   3.45
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance Legal & Professional Fees	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.01  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9: 11.73 6.4: 6.44 6.41 7.8: 3.2( 2.00 9.55	3.44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total ::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.03  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9: 11.73 6.44 6.49 6.41 7.83 3.22 2.00	3,44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance Legal & Professional Fees Auditor's Remuneration Tax Auditor fees Electricity Expenses	89.93 0.1: 0.04 90.0i  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.99 11.7: 6.4: 6.44 6.44 1.7.8: 3.26 2.00 0.5: 0.25 0.01	
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance Legal & Professional Fees Auditor's Remuneration Tax Auditor fees Electricity Expenses Frinting & Stationery	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.01  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9: 11.73 6.4: 6.4: 6.4: 7.8: 3.2c 2.00 0.55 0.2: 0.11 2.55	
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance Legal & Professional Fees Auditor's Remuneration Tax Auditor fees Electricity Expenses Printing & Stationery Rent Rates & Taxes Posters - Courser	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.01  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.99 11.77 6.44 6.41 6.41 7.8: 3.2( 2.00 0.05: 0.05: 0.02: 0.11 1.44	3,44
Bank Guarantee Charg Bank Charges  Total :::::  Depreciation and Amortization  Particulars  Depreciation and Amortization  Total :::::  Other Expenses  Particulars  Rent-Office & GH Prof Fees - Ret Fees Vehicle hire charges Business tours and Travel Expenses Office Expenses Security-Servi Charg Guest House Exp Local Conv Staff Repairs & Maintenance Legal & Professional Fees Auditor's Remuneration Tax Auditor fees Electricity Expenses Frinting & Stationery	89.93 0.1: 0.00 90.01  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  8.1:  For the year ended at 31-Mar-2023  32.8: 4.9: 11.73 6.4: 6.4: 6.4: 7.8: 3.2c 2.00 0.55 0.2: 0.11 2.55	

PARTERED ACCOUNT

#### ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. ( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

## NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Additional Statement Of Notes: Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share Is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

		(rante in Euco)
Particulars	For the Year Ended Mar	For the Year Ended
	31 ,2023	2022, March 31
Profit after Tax	(456)	(44)
No of Weighted Average Equity Shares outstanding during the Year (Basic)	10,000	10,000
No of Weighted Average Equity Shares outstanding during the Year (Diluted)	10,000	10,000
Nominal Value of Equity Shares (in `)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Basic Earnings per Share (in `)	(0.05)	(0.00)
Diluted Earnings per Share (in ` )	(0.05)	(0.00)

#### 27 Remuneration to Auditors (excluding GST):

(Amt in Lacs)

		(rant an and )
	For the Year Ended Mar	For the Year Ended
	31 ,2023	March 31 ,2022
Statutory Audit Fees	0.25	
Tax Audit Fees	0.10	
Total ::::	0.25	0.20

#### 28 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Disclosers under the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year, to the extent the Company has received intimation from the "Suppliers" regarding their status under the Act.

(Amt in Lace)

(Amt in		
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
(a) Principal amount remaining unpaid (but within due date as per the MSMED Act)	74.20	43.13
(b) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid		•
(c) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along-with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period	-	
(d) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
(e) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	•	
(f) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises	-	-
Total	74.20	43.13

#### 29 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities

(Amt in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22	
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the period			
(b) Amount spent during the period:		N.A.	
(i) Construction / Acquisition of any assets			
(ii) On the purpose other than above (b) (i) in Cash	N.A.		
(iii) In purpose other than above (b) (ii) yet to be paid in cash			
Amount unspent during the period			

In current financial year, provisions of Sec. 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. are not applicable to the company. Therefore, it was not required to incurr expenditure on CSR activites .

#### 30 Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, instrument entirely equity in nature share premium and all other equity reserves Debt includes long-term borrowings, current maturities of long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings and interest accrued thereon . The Company is in initiatial phase of developing marketable softwares, smart infra projects and therefore, its funding requirements are at present being met from interest bearing borrowings from the holding company.

Gearing Ratio:			(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars		As At	As At
Faiticulais		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Borrowings (Note No. 12)		767.09	143.06
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 7)		9.66	27.36
Net debt (A)		757.42	115.70
Equity	ĺ	(467.87)	(11.20)
Total Sponsor capital	The state of the s	(467.87)	(11.20)
Gearing Ratio (%) (Debt: Equity)		N.A.	N.A.

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 Financial Instruments And Risk Management

The carrying values and fair values of financials instruments of the Company are as follows:

		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial Assets		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	9.66	27.36
Other Financial Assets (Note 9)	35.44	12.45
Financial Liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Borrowings (Note 11 )	767.09	143.06
Trade payables (Note 14)	79.04	57.42
Other financial liabilities (Note 15 )	58.79	15.62

The management assessed that carrying amount of all other financial instruments are reasonable approximation of the fair value.

#### 32 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

a) Credit risk: b) Liquidity risk: and c) Market risk:

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers. The company is in its initial phase, with no major activity carried out which would tantamount to major exposure to credit risk.

The exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables by type of counterparty was as follows:

Financial assets	•	(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars  Trade receivable  Cash and cash equivalents (Excluding Cash in hand )	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade receivable	35.44	12.45
Cash and cash equivalents (Excluding Cash in hand )	9.66	
Other Financial Assets	-	
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	45.10	39.81

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash in hand) of ₹ 9.66 Lacs at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022: ₹ 27.36 lacs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit rating.

#### Other financial assets

Other Financial assets is the amount of EMD given to a Private company engaged in carrying out smart infra projects mainly for the Government of India. The company is one of the fastest growing technology companies of India and therefore, the management is of the view that the amount of EMD is fully recoverable.

#### b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The company is in its initial phase, with no major activity carried out which would tantamount to major exposure to liquidity risk. The Company at present is meeting its liquidity requirements, by raising ICD from holding company (ABL) @ interest rate bank rate + 1 %. The company expects to meet its future liquidity requirements from its business receipts.

The Company's exposure relating to financial instruments is noted in note 12, 14, 15, 16 and the liquidity table below:

				(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2023				
Borrowings ( Note No. 11)	649.03	118.06		767.09
Trade payables ( Note No. 14)	59.05	19.99	-	79.04
Others financial liabilities ( Note No.15 )	58.79	-	-	58.79
Total	766.88	138.04	-	904.92
As at March 31, 2022				
Borrowings ( Note No. 11)	143.06	-		143.06
Trade payables ( Note No. 15 )	57.42	-	-	57.42
Others financial liabilities ( Note No. 15 )	15.62	-		15.62
Total	216.09	-	-	216.09



# ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. (Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### c) Market Risk

Particulars

Financial assets Investments

Trade receivable

Total financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

Market risk comprises three types of risk:

i. Interest rate risk ii. Currency risk iii. Other price risk such as Commodity risk and Equity price risk.

The following table summaries the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded at the end of the year by categories:

45.10

39.81

		(Amt in Lacs)	
Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	767.09	143.06	
Trade payables	79.04	57.42	
Other financial liabilities	58.79	15.62	
Total financial liabilities	904.92	216.09	

#### - Interest Rate Risk

The company has taken borrowings from its holding company (ABL) at fixed interest rate of 12%. There is no other oustanding debt or borrowing with fixed or variable interest rates. Further, there is no financial asset company holds with fixed or variable interest rates. Therefore, company is not exposed to interest rate risk as at the year end.

		(Amt in Lacs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets		
Fixed Interest bearing		
- Loans	-	-
- Deposits with Bank	-	
Variable Interest bearing		
- Loans	-	_
Financial Liabilities		
Fixed Interest bearing		
- Borrowings	-	
Variable Interest bearing		
- Borrowings	767.09	143.06

#### - Currency Risk

Since the company's operation is exclusively in Indian Rupees the company is not exposed to Currency Risk.

#### - Commodity Risk

Since the company is involved in developing softwares, it is not exposed to commodity risk.

### 33 Contingent liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for)

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Ma
(i)	Contingent liabilities		
a	Bank Guarantees Issued:		
	i) on behalf of Group Companies for compliance with Debt Service Reserve account and major maintenance	Nil	
	ii) to third party for deposit held other than relating to performance	Nil	
b	Corporate Guarantee issued by the Company in favour of Banks/ Financial Institutions for finance raised by	Nil	
b	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts (Refer Note C below)	Nil	
С	Taxation matters:		
	i) Income Tax (Refer Note B below)	Nil	
	ii) Sales Tax	Nil	
	iii) Custom Duty	Nil	
	iv) Service Tax	Nil	
	v) GSTOthers	Nil	
	vi) Others	Nil	
	Total : A	Nil	
(ii)	Commitments:		
	i) Capital Commitment	-	•
	ii) Funding Commitment towards Group Companies	Nil	
	Total: B		
	Total: A + B = C		



# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Employee benefit plans

#### (a) Defined contribution plan

(a) perined contribution plan

The following amount recognized as an expense in Statement of profit and loss on account of provident fund and other funds. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

(Amt in Lacs)

		(Mile III Edeby
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Particulars	20.88	0.28
Contribution in Provident Fund & ESIC	20.08	0.20

Contribution to Provident Fund is charged to accounts on accrual basis. The Company operates a defined contribution scheme with recognized provident fund. For this Scheme, contributions are made by the company, based on current salaries, to recognized Fund maintained by the company. In case of Provident Fund scheme, contributions are also made by the employees. An amount of Rs. 19.81 lacs has been charged to the Profit & Loss Account on account of this defined contribution scheme.

#### (b) Defined benefit plan

The following amount recognized as an expense in Statement of profit and loss on account of Defined Benefit plans.

(Amt in Lacs)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Particulars Defined Benefit Plan - Gratuity	4.67	0.09
Highined Repetit Flan - Gratuity		

The company operates one defined plan of gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed atleast five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan:

gratuity pian.		(Amt in Lacs)
O. C. Clara	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Particulars Amounts Recognised in Statement of profit and loss		
Service Cost	4.66	0.09
Current service cost	-	_
Past service cost	0.01	-
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		-
Interest Income on plan assets	4.67	0.09
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in profit & loss		
Remeasurment (gain)/loss - due to demographic assumptions		
Remeasurment (gain)/loss - due to financials assumptions	-0.23	
Remeasurment gain/(loss ) - due to experience adjustment	2.06	-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	1.83	-
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in Profit & Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6.50	0.09
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in Front & coss and other complements of interior		
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet	6.50	0.09
Defined benefit obligation	0,50	-
Fair value of plan assets	(6.50)	(0.09
Funded Status	(0.50)	(Amt in Lacs)
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Particulars Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
	-	-
Opening defined benefit obligation	4.66	0.09
Current service cost	-	-
Past service cost	0.01	
Interest cost	1.83	_
Actuarial losses/(gain) on obligation	1.03	
Benefits paid		
Others	6.50	0.09
Closing defined benefit obligation	6.30	0.03
Changes in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:		
Opening fair value of plan assets	•	-
Interest Income		-
Remeasurment gain/(loss):	-	-
Contrubution from employer	-	
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	_	-
Benefits paid	-	-
	_	-
Others Closing fair value of plan assets	-	-
Net assets/(liability) is bifurcated as follows :	0.01	10.0
Current	6.49	-9.9
Non-current	6.50	0.09

# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligation for the company's plans are shown below: March 31, 2022 March 31, 2023 0.07 7.21% Particulars 100.00% 1.00 Discount rate 7.00% 0.07 Mortality rate 0.00% Salary escalation rate (p.a.) 0.01 1.00% Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate) 58 Years 58 Years Withdrawal Rate 23 23.00 Normal Retirement Age

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other Average Future Service

assumptions constant.		(Amt in Lacs)
	March 31, 2023	
Particulars	Increase	Decrease
	7.76	5.60
Salary escalation (100 basis point movement)	5.64	7.74
Discount rate (100 basis point movement)	6.44	6.73
Attrition rate (100 basis point movement)		

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, is based on inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

employment market.	(Amt in Lacs		
	Maturity Profie of Defined B	enefit Obligations	
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
	1,384	10	
Year 1	2,506	10	
Year 2	5,263	11	
Year 3	8,641	22	
Year 4	11,815	134	
Year 5		811	
Year 6 to 10	123,396		

The Company has provided various Corporate guarantees and loans to its related parties for short term working capital facilities, as disclosed above.

Segment information as required by Ind AS 108 are given below

The Company is engaged in one business activity of software development, executing projects of smart infrastructure on EPC (Engineering procurement and construction) basis, thus there are no separate reportable operating segments in accordance with Ind AS 108.



#### ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. ( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 Related party disclosure as required by Ind AS 24 are given below 1. Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:

Nature of Relationship

Name of Entity

Holding Company :

Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.

Promoter Group :

Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.

Related Party
Directors :

Mr. Peeyushkumar Suresh Jain Mr. Ravindra M. Vijayvargiya Mr. Rajendra Burad

2. Transactions During the Year:

(Amt in Lace

			(Amt in Lacs)
Details of	Financial Year	Ashoka Buildcon Limitd.	Viva Infrastructure
transactions	transactions rinancial real Asiloka Bundcon Limitu.		Ltd.
Subscription to the			
Equity Shares of the	2023		•
company at the F.V.	2023	-	-
of Rs. 10 per share			
	2022	-	-
Subscription by the			
Company to the	2022		
Equity Shares of	2023	-	-
other companies		annua de la compania	
	2022	-	-
Loan from Related			
parties ( net of	2023	767.09	<u>.</u>
repayment)			
. , ,	2022	-	-
Loan to Related			
parties ( net of	2023	_	-
repayment)			
	2022	-	-
Advances to related			
parties	2023	-	-
	2022	-	*
Reimbursement to			
related parties	2023	25.00	-
, and a particle	2022	11.30	•
Interest paid	2023	90.08	
	2022	3.47	-
Salary paid	2023	-	-
outury para	2022	-	-
Interest Received	2023	-	0.85
	2022	-	1.64
Purchase of			2,01
Goods/availing of	2023	-	_
services			
	2022	-	-
Rent Paid	2023	•	-
	2022		_

#### 3.Outstanding Receivable / (Payable) against

(Amt in Lacs)

Details of transactions	Financial Year	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.
Loan from Related	2023	767.09
	2022	-
Advances from related customer	2023	438.03
	2022	281.55
receiable from	2023	35.44
Customer	2022	12.45



## ASHOKA AURIGA TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED. ( Formely known as Ashoka Technologies Private Limited)

# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 37 Leases

Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS 116 "Leases"

The Company has lease contract for commercial building premises used in its operations for the lease term of 5 years. The Company is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short term leases of all the assets that have a lease term of twelve months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Refer Note 2A for additions to right-of-use assets and the carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at March 31, 2023.

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 10%,

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed

Amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss	For the year ended	For the year ended
Amounts recognized in the statement		31-Mar-22
	31-Mar-23	31-Iviai ZL
		1
Particulars		
Depreciation expenses of Right-of-use assets (Refer Note 2A)	-	·
Description expenses of Right-of-use assets (Refer Note 2A)		-
Depreciation expenses or Night-Or-use assets deposits (Refer Note 21) Interest expenses on lease liabilities and lease deposits (Refer Note 32)	i	
		1 - I
Expenses related to lease is a cancellable leases (Refer Note 32 )  Expenses related to leases of low value assets, excluding short term leases  Expenses related to leases of low value assets, excluding short term leases	-	
to leaves of low value assets, excluding short term leaves		JL.
Expenses related to leases or low		
Total Amount recognised in profit and loss		

- No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. 38
- The company did not borrow during the year from banks or financial institutions and therefore, it was not required to submit statement / returns to banks or financial institutions regarding the value of its current assets.
- The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender. 40
- The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the income Tax Act, 1961). 41
- The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and/ or related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand, or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 (since repealed)...
- The Company does not have charges or satisfaction of charges which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period.
- The Company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 (as amended).
- The Company has neither traded nor it holds any investment in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.
- The Company has not advanced loans or invested funds to any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: 47
  - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- The Company has not received any fund from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the
  - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### Going concern

The Company will be able to continue to operate as a going concern and meet all its liabilities as they fall due for payment based on its cash-flow projections and continued financial support from the Holding Company. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 10 May 2023

Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to current year classification.

Firm Reg. No.

124832W

PATERED ACCO

As per our report of even date attached

FOR SANJAY V. GOYAL & CA Chartered Accountant

CA SANJAY V. GOYAL Partner

Membership No. 103080 UDIN :- 23103080BGUPKE8750

Place: Nashik Date: May 10, 2023

AURIGA (3TAVIA) For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Peeyushkumar S Jain Director

DIN: 07588639

Ravindra M. Vijayvargiy Director DIN: 08462549

Place: Nashik Date:- May 10, 2023